Boulder, Colorado

Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

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3711 JFK Parkway Suite 315 Fort Collins Colorado 80525 (970) 223-7855 (303) 530-9343 (970) 223-3926 Fax www.brockcpas.com



Independent Auditor's Report

Council and Board of Trustees
The Geological Society of America, Inc. and
The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc.
Boulder, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying combined statement of financial position of The Geological Society of America, Inc. and The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc. (nonprofit organizations) as of June 30, 2011, and the related combined statements of activities and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended. These combined financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc., which statements reflect total assets of \$13,059,950 as of June 30, 2011, and total revenues and support of \$1,732,847 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Geological Society of America, Inc. and The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc. as of June 30, 2011, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Organization has recorded a prior period adjustment to restate financial reporting after the release of the Organization's combined financial statements as of June 30, 2010, and for the year then ended. The restatement related to the reporting of program revenue and related receivables.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2011, on our consideration of The Geological Society of America, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The supplemental combining statements of financial position and activities and changes in net assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements of the Organizations. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Brock and Company, CPAs, P.C.

Fort Collins, Colorado September 20, 2011

Combined Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2011	
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 420,947
Investments	3,568,810
Accounts receivable, net	513,158
Contributions receivable, current, net Publications inventory	46,460
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	306,979 265,547
Total current assets	5,121,901
Total current assets	5,121,901
Property and Equipment, net	2,547,849
Other Assets	
Investments, long-term, unrestricted	11,655,201
Investments, long-term, restricted	20,359,590
Contributions receivable, long-term, net	9,168
Prepaid expenses, long-term	100,408
Beneficial interest in charitable trusts	244,935
Total other assets	32,369,302
Total assets	\$ 40,020,052
Total assets	\$ 40,039,052
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 220,613
Accrued liabilities	414,133
Deferred revenue	1,840,233
Total current liabilities	2,474,979
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	
Designated for employee benefits	41,542
Designated for building repairs and improvement	409,765
Undesignated	7,319,253
Total unrestricted net assets	7,770,560
Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted	21,218,468
Total net assets	8,575,045
Total fiet assets	37,564,073
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 40,039,052

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Combined Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2011

		Inrestricted		emporarily estricted
Revenues and Support				
Publications	\$	3,892,750	\$	=
Meetings		2,418,389		**
Membership dues and services		624,428		-
Sections and divisions		584,283		125
Grants		248,192		
Contributions		250,610		291,531
Education and outreach		645,922		-
Change in value of split interest agreements		=		475
Gain on disposal of property		636,586		-
Other support and revenue		279,519		4,555
Net assets released from restrictions		761,789		(761,789)
Total revenues and support		10,342,468		(465,228)
Expenses				
Program services				
Publications		2,462,814		-
Meetings		1,898,100		922N
Membership		599,920		2
Sections and divisions		447,449		1
Grants and awards		1,286,582		-
Education and outreach		740,505		1-
Total program services	-	7,435,370	-	
Supporting services	1	1,100,010	-	
Fundraising		223,866		_
General and administrative		2,414,075		-
Total supporting services	9	2,637,941		
Total expenses		10,073,311	-	
Change in Net Assets Before Investment Income		269,157		(465,228)
Interest and dividend income		420,745		533,720
Net realized losses on investments		(311,099)		(306,747)
Net unrealized gains on investments		2,567,760		3,389,252
Net investment income	7 4	2,677,406	_	3,616,225
Change in Net Assets	\$	2,946,563	\$:	3,150,997

Permanently Restricted	Total
\$ - - - 245,030	\$ 3,892,750 2,418,389 624,428 584,283 248,192 787,171 645,922
22,841	23,316 636,586 284,074
267,871	10,145,111
	2,462,814 1,898,100 599,920 447,449 1,286,582 740,505 7,435,370
	223,866 2,414,075 2,637,941 10,073,311
267,871	71,800
- - - - -	954,465 (617,846) 5,957,012 6,293,631
\$ 267,871	\$ 6,365,431

Combined Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2011

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted
Net Assets, Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported	\$ 4,464,108	\$ 18,067,471
Prior period adjustment	359,889	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year, As Restated	4,823,997	18,067,471
Change in net assets	2,946,563	3,150,997
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 7,770,560	\$ 21,218,468

ermanently Restricted	 Total
\$ 8,307,174	\$ 30,838,753
	359,889
8,307,174	31,198,642
267,871	 6,365,431
\$ 8,575,045	\$ 37,564,073

Combined Statement of Cash Flows

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Year ended June 30, 2011	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 6,365,431
Change in net assets	\$ 0,303,431
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	
to net cash provided by operating activities	100.000
Depreciation and amortization	190,863
Gain on disposal of property	(636,586)
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	(5,339,166)
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	245,030
Provision for doubtful receivables	2,591
Split-interest agreement valuation adjustments	(23,316)
Increase (decrease) in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	86,577
Contributions receivable	6,326
Publications inventory	(5,018)
Prepaids and other current assets	(82,248)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(35,069)
Deferred revenue	(114,017)
Net cash provided by operating activities	661,398
Hot oddin provided by operating detrines	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Purchases of investments	(6,135,186)
Proceeds from the sales of investments	5,326,873
Purchase of property and equipment	(244,792)
Proceeds from sale of property	636,586
Net cash used by investing activities	(416,519)
iver cash used by investing activities	(410,010)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities	
Contributions for long-term purposes	(245,030)
Net cash used by financing activities	(245,030)
Silvate and substantial and su	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(151)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	421,098
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 420,947
Supplemental Information	2 2222
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 28,051

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Activities. The Geological Society of America, Inc. (the "Society") was incorporated in 1929 to advance the geosciences, to enhance the professional growth of its members, and to promote the geosciences in the service of humankind. The Society's programs include publishing and distributing scientific literature, awarding research grants, sponsoring scientific meetings, providing information and materials for primary level science education and furnishing information to the public about earth science education and the environment. The Society is governed by a board of directors (the Council) elected by the Society's members.

The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") was founded in 1980 to provide endowment and fundraising resources to advance the mission of the Society. The majority of the Foundation's support and revenue is derived from contributions and investment income. The Foundation is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Board itself from a list of candidates approved by the Council of the Society and the Foundation cannot change certain portions of its governing documents without the approval of the Society.

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying combined financial statements include the accounts of The Geological Society of America, Inc. and The Geological Society of America Foundation, Inc. (collectively "the Organization"). The financial statements have been combined due to the significant related party economic interests that exist between the organizations. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in combination and the combined organizations are not a separate legal entity.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

The Organization is required to report information regarding financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets:

Unrestricted Net Assets. Net assets that are currently available at the discretion of the Council and the Board of Trustees for use in the Organization's operations and those resources invested in property and equipment.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets. Net assets restricted by donors to be used for various scientific programs, or specific time periods.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets. Net assets restricted by donor to be invested in perpetuity, the income of which is available for use in operations or various scientific programs in accordance with donor restrictions.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents, unless held for reinvestment as part of the investment portfolio or otherwise encumbered. The Organization has cash balances in excess of federally insured limits periodically throughout the fiscal year.

Investments. Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and debt securities are recorded at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Investments in certificates of deposits are stated at cost which approximates market value. Investments in limited partnerships are valued at estimated fair value based upon the underlying net assets of the limited partnership.

Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statements of activities. Investment income and gains restricted by donors are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions are met (either a stipulated time period ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

Investments related to the balances of temporarily and permanently restricted net assets are segregated as restricted investments in the statements of financial position.

Fair Value Measurements. The Organization reports using fair value measurements, which among other things requires enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets:
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

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Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Corporate Stocks, International Equities, Domestic Fixed Income Securities, Mutual Funds, Commodity Funds, Bank Loan Funds and Money Market Funds. Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Limited Partnership and Real Estate Funds. Valued as reported by the investment managers based upon the underlying net assets of the funds.

Private Equity Portfolio. Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded and valued as reported by the private equity.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

In general, investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the investment balances and the amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

Accounts Receivable. Accounts receivable include administrative fees and reimbursable costs due on federal grant agreements and amounts due from sales of the Organization's products and services. At June 30, 2011, the Organization had receivables from federal grant agreements totaling \$231,697. At the time accounts receivable are originated, the Organization considers an allowance for doubtful accounts based on the creditworthiness of the customer. The allowance is continually reviewed and adjusted to maintain the allowance at a level considered adequate to cover future uncollectible amounts. The allowance is management's best estimate of uncollectible amounts and is determined based on historical performance that is tracked by the Organization on an ongoing basis. The Organization has recorded allowances of \$20,729 at June 30, 2011.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contributions Receivable. Contributions receivable are recorded at their net realizable value. Contributions receivable expected to be collected in future years are recorded at net present value. The discounts on those amounts are computed using an imputed interest rate applicable to the year in which the pledges are received. Amortization of the discount will be included in contribution revenue. Conditional contributions receivable are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met. The Organization records an allowance based on management's estimate of uncollectible amounts.

Publications Inventory. Publications inventory consists of books, maps, charts and other publications valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

Property and Equipment. All property and equipment is stated at cost or if donated, at fair value at the date of transfer, and depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives which range from three to forty years. Expenditures for property and equipment that exceed \$5,000 are capitalized.

Long-Lived Assets. The Organization reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recovered. The Organization looks primarily to the undiscounted future cash flows in its assessment of whether or not long-lived assets have been impaired.

Collections and Works of Art. The Organization has various collections and works of art that are on exhibit at the headquarters building. Collection items acquired through purchase or donation are not capitalized. Contributions of collection items are not recognized in the statements of activities. Proceeds from sales or insurance recoveries are classified on the statements of activities based on the absence or existence and nature of donor-imposed restrictions.

Deferred Revenue. Membership dues, conference registrations, subscriptions and other receipts relating to future periods are deferred and recognized as revenue in the applicable future period when the related services are rendered and expenses are incurred.

Contributions. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions.

Donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Grants and Awards. Grants and awards are recorded as expenses when the recipients are notified.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses. The costs of providing the various programs and activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting services benefitted. Salaries and related fringe benefits are allocated to all services based on actual time expended. Allocations of certain overhead costs are also allocated to services on a pro-rata basis of total direct expenses incurred. Shipping and handling charges are included in net sales and the related costs are

Shipping and Handling Costs. Shipping and handling charges are included in revenues and the related costs are charged to various programs and activities on a functional basis in the combined statement of activities.

Income Taxes and Change in Estimate. The Society is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for amounts representing unrelated business income. The Foundation is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation under Section 509(a). As such, donors are entitled to a charitable deduction for their contribution to both the Society and Foundation. The Society is subject to tax on its net unrelated business taxable income for certain activities. For the year ended June, 30, 2011, the Society incurred income tax expense of \$35,685 and recognized an income tax benefit due to a change in estimate totaling \$37,634. The net income tax benefit of \$1,949 is reported in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying combined statement of activities.

The Organizations have adopted the provisions of ASC 740, pertaining to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The pronouncement requires the use of a more-likely-than-not recognition criteria before and separate from the measurement of a tax position. An entity shall initially recognize the financial statement effects of a tax position when it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the position will be sustained upon examination. With respect to the Organizations, this would primarily relate to the determination of unrelated business taxable income, and to the maintenance of its tax exempt status.

Management has evaluated the adopted policies and procedures that have been implemented to provide assurance that income is properly characterized and activities that jeopardize its tax exempt status are within limits established under existing tax code and regulations. Management has determined the effects of uncertain tax positions are not material to the Organizations for recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, no income tax liability has been recorded for uncertain income tax positions in the accompanying financial statements.

All income tax years open for examination are subject to taxation at corporate tax rates. The years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 are available for examination at June 30, 2011. Additionally, penalties and interest may be assessed on income taxes that are delinquent. The assessment of uncertain income taxes is subject to estimate, and it is reasonably possible that the estimate may change in the near term and the change may be material.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events. Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 20, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Prior Period Adjustment

The Society discovered financial reporting errors in the recognition of program revenues and related receivables after the release of the financial statements as of June 30, 2010, and for the year then ended, and a prior period adjustment was recorded to increase net assets by \$359,889 at July 1, 2010.

Note 3 - Investments

Investments are presented on the Statement of Financial Position as follows at June 30, 2011:

Investments	\$ 3,568,810
Long-term investments, unrestricted	11,655,201
Long-term investments, restricted	20,359,590
22	\$ 35,583,601

The Organization's fair value hierarchy for those investment assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows at June 30, 2011:

	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Corporate stock	\$ 12,569,044	\$ -	\$ 12,569,044
International equities	4,900,110	:: -: :	4,900,110
Domestic fixed income	6,396,804	-	6,396,804
Limited partnerships	-	3,656,244	3,656,244
Real estate	(),	1,909,290	1,909,290
Mutual funds	635,762	-	635,762
Private equity portfolio	468,303	1,043,840	1,512,143
Commodity funds	1,134,850	-	1,134,850
Floating interest rate			
bank loan funds	2,382,165	-	2,382,165
Money market funds	487,189	341	487,189
	\$ 28,974,227	\$ 6,609,374	\$ 35,583,601

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 3 - Investments (continued)

The changes in the investments for which the Organization has used Level 3 inputs to determine the fair values are as follows for the year ended June 30, 2011:

Balance, July 1, 2010	\$ 4,043,746
Investment income	73,996
Net realized and unrealized gains	570,840
Purchases	1,920,792
Balance, June 30, 2011	\$ 6,609,374

The Society has invested \$1,043,840 in limited partnerships with a total commitment of \$1,750,000. The limited partnerships may make capital calls as needed.

The Organization incurred investment fees totaling \$78,767 during the year ended June 30, 2011.

Note 4 - Contributions Receivable and Concentrations

The Foundation has contributions receivable with expected collections as follows as of June 30, 2011:

Due in less than one year	\$ 46,460
Due in one to five years	9,925
Less unamortized discount and	
uncollectible contributions	(757)
	\$ 55,628

The Foundation has estimated the percentage of contributions receivable that will become uncollectible using both historical trends of similar fund raising activities and review of past due receivables. It is reasonably possible that the allowance for uncollectible contributions may be insufficient.

As of June 30, 2011, three donors accounted for 54%, 19% and 21% of contributions receivable, and one donor accounted for 31% of contributions.

Note 5 - Publications Inventory

Publications inventory consisted of the following at June 30, 2011:

Finished goods	\$ 239,473
Work in process	67,506
	\$ 306,979

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 6 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2011:

Land	\$	428,065
Land improvements		89,557
Headquarters building and improvements		3,722,059
Furniture and equipment		1,205,679
Residential property		() = (
Construction in progress		184,843
	8	5,630,203
Less accumulated depreciation		(3,082,354)
Net property and equipment	\$	2,547,849

Note 7 - Split-Interest Agreements

The Foundation is a beneficiary of three charitable remainder trusts. Under the terms of the split-interest agreements, at the time of the donor's death, the trust is to terminate and the remaining trust assets are to be distributed to the Foundation and other beneficiaries. The present value of future benefits expected to be received by the Foundation was estimated to be \$244,935 at June 30, 2011, based on donor life expectancy and the use of discount rates of 4.05% for the year then ended.

Note 8 - Line of Credit

The Society has a \$300,000 line of credit agreement with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. with no outstanding borrowings as of June 30, 2011. Advances under agreement bear interest at the bank's index rate plus 0.25%. The agreement is collateralized by all property and matures in January 2012.

Note 9 - Endowment Funds

General. The Organization's Endowment Funds were established by action of the Society's Board of Councilors and Foundations' Board of Trustees to be maintained in perpetuity. The Endowment Fund includes donor-restricted funds and may be utilized for either specific purposes or general operating use. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), net assets associated with Endowment Funds, including funds designated by the Board to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 9 - Endowment Funds (continued)

Interpretation of Relevant Law. The Organization Boards have interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment and (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment funds that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund.
- (2) The purpose and intent of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect on inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Organization
- (7) The investment policies of the Organization.

Funds with Deficiencies. From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are deducted from unrestricted net assets. These deficiencies result from unfavorable market fluctuations that may occur after the investment of permanently restricted contributions and appropriation that was deemed prudent by the Board. As of June 30, 2011, no funds had deficiencies.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters. The Organization has adopted an investment policy for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Permanently restricted assets are invested as a portion of the total Endowment Fund, which seeks to optimize the total rate of return to meet spending requirements of the Organization.

The Endowment Fund also seeks sufficient flexibility to meet unanticipated demands and changing environments. The Endowment Fund is invested with a long-term strategy, which includes a balanced portfolio of equity, bonds, limited partnership, commodity funds, bank loans funds and temporary cash investments.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 9 - Endowment Funds (continued)

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives. To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Organization relies on a total return strategy on which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Spending Policy and the Relationship to Investment Objectives. The Society has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 4% of the rolling 12 quarter moving average of total unrestricted investments on December 31st of the current fiscal year in which the distribution is planned if the adjusted unrestricted investments exceed the budgeted annual operating expenses. The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 5% of the fair value of a fund's net assets from two years prior to the current fiscal year. In establishing this policy, the Organization considered the long-term expected return on the Endowment Fund. Accordingly, over the long term, the Society expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of at least the Consumer Price Index annually and the Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of 3% annually. This is consistent with the Organization's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment returns. Expenditures may be made through the Organization's operating budget on an annual basis.

Endowment funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2011:

Temporarily restricted net assets subject to time restrictions under UPMIFA	
Society	\$ 9,532,653
Foundation	1,246,830
Total temporarily restricted endowments	10,779,483
Permanently restricted net assets required to be retained permanently either by explicit donor stipulation or by UPMIFA	
Society	\$ 3,884,385
Foundation	4,690,660
Total permanently restricted endowments	8,575,045
Total endowment fund net assets	\$ 19.354.528

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 9 – Endowment Funds (continued)

The following summarizes the changes in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2011:

		emporarily Restricted		ermanently Restricted		Total
Endowment net assets,	¢.	0.160.460	Ф.	0.207.474	-	£ 17 476 624
July 1, 2010	\$	9,169,460	_\$_	8,307,174	7	\$ 17,476,634
Interest income, net of fees		255,573		-		255,573
Net realized and unrealized		TI 02000 0000				
gains (losses)		1,527,233		-		1,527,233
Contributions		32,844		267,871		300,715
Amounts appropriated for						
expenditure		(205,627)		-		(205,627)
Change in endowment net assets		1,610,023		267,871	_	1,877,894
Endowment net assets,						
June 30, 2011	\$	10,779,483	\$	8,575,045	_	\$ 19,354,528

Note 10 - Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are restricted for the following purposes at of June 30, 2011:

Society	
Research, study and education (Pardee)	\$ 6,429,654
Penrose Endowment unappropriated earnings	9,532,653
	15,962,307
Foundation	
Research grants and awards	1,730,270
Travel support	809,715
Other GSA program support	2,716,176
	5,256,161
Total temporarily restricted net assets	\$ 21,218,468

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 10 - Restricted Net Assets (continued)

Permanently restricted net assets are to provide a permanent endowment, with investment income restricted for the following purposes at June 30, 2011:

Society		
Penrose Endowment	_\$	3,884,385
Foundation		
<u>Foundation</u>		
Research grants and awards		4,115,699
Travel support		90,240
Other GSA program support		484,721
	_	4,690,660
Total permanently restricted net assets	\$	8,575,045
	_	

Note 11 - Commitments

Meeting Reservations. The Society has entered into various contracts totaling \$4,477,506 for reservation of meeting and convention area space for its annual meetings, to be held through November 2015. The maximum penalty for cancellation of these contracts at June 30, 2011 totaled \$1,976,407.

Operating Leases. The Society leases equipment under noncancelable operating leases with monthly payments totaling approximately \$8,500. The leases expire from November 2011 through January 2015, at which time the equipment may be purchased for its fair value. Rent expense under the agreements totaled approximately \$82,000 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Future minimum payments required under the noncancelable operating lease agreements are as follows at June 30, 2011, including leases subsequently executed:

Year	Amount
2012	\$ 93,300
2013	71,600
2014	46,800
2015	5,300
	\$ 217,000
	•

Easements. In August 2010, the Society sold easements to the property adjacent to its headquarters to the City of Boulder, Colorado, and recorded a gain on the sale of \$636,586.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 12 - Related Party Transactions

The Organization has transactions that consist of transfers between the Foundation and the Society for support of and investment in future advancement of the geosciences. All significant inter-organizational accounts and transactions are eliminated in combination. The detail of the inter-organizational transactions prior to elimination are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2011:

Foundation program grants to Society	\$ 609,836
Society building funds transfer to Foundation	409,765
Society Sections and Divisions transfers to Foundation	54,800
	\$ 1,074,401
Supporting services	
Society funding of Foundation payroll	\$ 200,677
Society funding of Foundation benefits	59,639
Society funding of Foundation overhead	130,000
5° 200	\$ 390,316

Note 13 - Pension Plan

The Organization has a qualified defined contribution plan that consists of individual annuity policies. The plan is available to employees with at least six months of service. All contributions to the plan, including those made by the Organization, are fully vested to the employee. The Organization's contributions to the plan totaled \$231,949 for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Combining Statements of Financial Position

lune	2 3N	. 2011	

ASSETS	Society	Foundation
7.002.10		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 131,333	\$ 289,614
Investments	1,156,869	2,411,941
Accounts receivable, net	598,772	ä
Contributions receivable, current, net	(46,460
Publications inventory	306,979	-
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	254,202	11,345
Total current assets	2,448,155	2,759,360
Property and Equipment, net	2,546,912	937
Other Assets		
Investments, long-term, unrestricted	11,655,201	-
Investments, long-term, restricted	10,314,040	10,045,550
Contributions receivable, long-term, net	3 <u>-</u>	9,168
Prepaid expenses, long-term	100,408	£
Beneficial interest in charitable trusts	-	244,935
Total other assets	22,069,649	10,299,653
Total assets	\$ 27,064,716	\$ 13,059,950
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 220,613	\$ 85,614
Accrued liabilities	386,242	27,891
Deferred revenue	1,840,233	-
Total current liabilities	2,447,088	113,505
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		
Designated for employee benefits	41,542	
Designated for building repairs and improveme		-
Undesignated	4,729,394	2,589,859
Total unrestricted net assets	4,770,936	2,589,859
Temporarily restricted	15,962,307	5,665,926
Permanently restricted	3,884,385	4,690,660
Total net assets	24,617,628	12,946,445
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 27,064,716	\$ 13,059,950

Eliminations	Combined Totals		
\$ - (85,614) - - (85,614)	\$ 420,947 3,568,810 513,158 46,460 306,979 265,547 5,121,901		
- - - - - - - \$ (85,614)	11,655,201 20,359,590 9,168 100,408 244,935 32,369,302 \$ 40,039,052		
\$ (85,614) - - - (85,614)	\$ 220,613 414,133 1,840,233 2,474,979		
409,765 	41,542 409,765 7,319,253 7,770,560 21,218,468 8,575,045 37,564,073 \$ 40,039,052		

Combining Statements of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2011

	Society	Foundation
Revenues and Support		
Publications	\$ 3,892,750	\$ -
Meetings	2,418,389	-
Membership dues and services	624,428	-
Sections and divisions	584,283	
Grants	248,192	-
Contributions	555,537	1,696,351
Education and outreach	645,922	0 000.
Change in value of split interest agreements	-	23,316
Gain on disposal of property	636,586	143 143
Other support and revenue	270,894	13,180
Total revenues and support	9,876,981	1,732,847
Expenses		
Program services	0.400.044	
Publications	2,462,814	· ·
Meetings	1,898,100	*
Membership	599,920	-
Sections and divisions	447,449	-
Grants and awards	1,679,672	681,311
Education and outreach	740,505	
Total program services	7,828,460	681,311
Supporting services		
Fundraising	7,862	216,004
General and administrative	2,280,790	523,601
Total supporting services	2,288,652	739,605
Total expenses	10,117,112	1,420,916
Change in Net Assets Before Investment Income	(240,131)	311,931
Interest and dividend income	620,402	334,063
Net realized losses on investments	(590,469)	(27,377)
Net unrealized gains on investments	4,152,166	1,804,846
Net investment income	4,182,099	2,111,532
Change in Net Assets	\$ 3,941,968	\$ 2,423,463

Eliminations	Combined Totals
\$ - - - (1,464,717) - - - (1,464,717)	\$ 3,892,750 2,418,389 624,428 584,283 248,192 787,171 645,922 23,316 636,586 284,074
(1,074,401) - (1,074,401)	2,462,814 1,898,100 599,920 447,449 1,286,582 740,505 7,435,370
(390,316) (390,316) (1,464,717)	223,866 2,414,075 2,637,941 10,073,311
32	71,800
<u> </u>	954,465 (617,846) 5,957,012 6,293,631
\$ -	\$ 6,365,431

Combining Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2011

	Society	Foundation		
Net Assets, Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported	\$ 20,315,771	\$ 10,522,982		
Prior period adjustment	359,889			
Net Assets, Beginning of Year, As Restated	20,675,660	10,522,982		
Change in net assets	3,941,968	2,423,463		
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 24,617,628	\$ 12,946,445		

Eliminations		Combined Totals		
\$	_	\$	30,838,753	
	<u> </u>)-	359,889	
	-		31,198,642	
	-	a 	6,365,431	
\$	<u> </u>	\$	37,564,073	



3711 JFK Parkway Suite 315 Fort Collins Colorado 80525 (970) 223-7855 (303) 530-9343 (970) 223-3926 Fax www.brockcpas.com



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Council
The Geological Society of America, Inc.
Boulder, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of The Geological Society of America, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered The Geological Society of America, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Geological Society of America, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-1 to be a material weakness.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Geological Society of America, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2011-2, 2011-3, and 2011-4.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Council, and others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sweh and Company, CPAS, P.C.

Fort Collins, Colorado September 20, 2011



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Council
The Geological Society of America, Inc.
Boulder, Colorado

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of The Geological Society of America, Inc. (the Society) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Society's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The Society's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Society's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Society's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Society's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Society's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2011-2 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the Society did not comply with reporting requirements that are applicable to its U.S. Department of Interior GeoCorps America programs. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Society to comply with the requirements applicable to these programs.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, The Geological Society of America, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

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Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Society is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Society's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Society's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2011-2, 2011-3, and 2011-4 to be material weaknesses.

The Society's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Society's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, Council members, management, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Groch and Company, CPAS, P.C.

Fort Collins, Colorado September 20, 2011

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2011				
Federal Grantor and Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Identifying Number	Total Expenditures	
Major Programs				
U.S. Department of Interior Direct Programs National Park Service				
GeoCorps America Bureau of Land Management	15.AAV	H2360086068	60086068 \$ 356	
GeoCorps America ARRA - Bureau of Land Management	15.224	Various		53,810
GeoCorps America Bureau of Land Management	15.225	Various		4,000
GeoCorps America Bureau of Land Management	15.236	Various		9,375
GeoCorps America	15.238	Various		500
Bureau of Land Management GeoCorps America	15.239	Various		37,009
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Program Forest Service GeoCorps America	10.XXX	11-PA-11132428-099		90,179
Other Federal Awards				
National Science Foundation Direct Program Matching Research Grant Program	47.050	EAR-0751341	1	200,000
<u>United States Geological Survey</u> Direct Program				
Congressional Science Fellow Sponsorship of Annual Meeting	15.808 15.808	08HQGR0141 G09AP00164	38,193 10,000 48,193	
			\$ 7	799,561

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2011

Method of Accounting

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been prepared on an accrual basis. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts in or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Prior Audit Findings

Year ended	I June 30, 2011						
					100		
Section I -	Summary of Auditor's Resu	<u>ults</u>					
Financial S	Statements						
Type of aud	ditor's report issued: Unqualifi	ed					
MateriaSignific	ntrol over financial reporting: all weakness(es) identified? ant deficiency(s) identified the ared to be material weakness(X	_yes _yes	X	no no	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			yes	X	no		
Federal Av	vards					_:	
MateriaSignific	ntrol over major programs: I weakness(es) identified? ant deficiency(s) identified the red to be material weakness(X	_yes	X	no no	
Type of auc	litor's report issued on compli	ance for major programs: Qualif	ied				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? X yes no						_ no	
Identificatio	n of major programs:						
CFDA	Indentifying Number	Name of Federal	Progra	m or Clus	ster		
15.AAV 15.224 15.225 15.236 15.238 15.239 10.XXX	H2360086068 Various Various Various Various Various JSA081004	National Park Service, GeoCorps America Program Bureau of Land Management, GeoCorps America Program Forest Service, GeoCorps America Program					
	hold used to distinguish betweend type B programs	een	\$30	0,000			
Auditee gua	lified as low-risk auditee?			ves	X	no	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Prior Year Audit Findings (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2011

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Findings Relating to Financial Statements

Finding 2011-1 Reporting, Material Weakness

Criteria

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that revenue be recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in the period service revenues are earned or when reimbursable expenditures are incurred on federal cooperative and participating agreements.

Condition

The Society has historically recorded service revenues and reimbursable expenditures on federal cooperative and participating agreements on a cash basis of accounting.

Effect

The Society's financial statements previously issued financial statements were materially misstated.

Cause

The Society historically recorded the revenue and reimbursable expenditures on the cash basis.

Questioned Costs

None.

Recommendation

The Society should restate its previously issued financial statements to correct the accounting error and review its policies and procedures for revenue recognition under federal cooperative and participating agreements.

Response

Agree. The financial statements have been restated. Policies and procedures have been modified to record the revenue on the accrual basis.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Prior Year Audit Findings (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2011

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Findings Relating to Federal Awards

Finding 2011-2 Reporting, Material Weakness, Federal Awards, U.S. Department of Interior

Criteria

The Society has federal cooperative agreements with the U.S. Department of Interior, National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management for the GeoCorps America programs that require timely filing of Standard Form 425, Federal Financial Report, on a quarterly basis.

Condition

The Society failed to submit Standard Form 425, Federal Financial Report, for all periods required by their federal cooperative agreements with the U.S. Department of Interior, National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management for the GeoCorps America programs.

Effect

The Society was not in compliance with the reporting requirements of the federal award agreements.

Cause

The filing requirement for the required form was overlooked in establishing controls over contract compliance and reporting.

Questioned Costs

None.

Recommendation

The Society should implement procedures to insure effective identification of financial reporting requirements and timely filing of reports with federal agencies.

Response

Agree. The Society is in the process of reviewing its control procedures over contract compliance and reporting.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Prior Year Audit Findings (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2011

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Findings Relating to Federal Awards

Finding 2011-3 Reporting, Material Weakness, Federal Cooperative Agreements Awards

Criteria

OMB Circular A-133, Section .310(b), *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* provides that expenditures be reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards in the period the activity related to the award occurs.

Condition

The Society has previously reported expenditures on federal cooperative and participating agreements in the period the federal funds were received and not when the expenditure or expense transactions occurred.

Effect

The Society improperly reported the period in which expenditures of federal awards occurred in its Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Cause

The Society reported expenditures of federal awards on its Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards consistent with its reporting for financial statement purposes, which, as discussed in Finding 2011-1, were previously improperly reported.

Questioned Costs

None.

Recommendation

The Society should review its policies for determination of when an award is expended on cooperative and participating agreements and reportable on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Response

Agree. Policies and procedures have been modified to report federal expenditures on cooperative and participating agreements in the proper period.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Prior Year Audit Findings (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2011

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Findings Relating to Federal Awards

Finding 2011-4 Reporting, Material Weakness, All Federal Awards

Criteria

OMB Circular A-133, Section .235(c), Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations requires that the data collection form shall be completed and submitted within the earlier of 30 days after the receipt of the auditor's report or nine months after the end of the audit period, unless a longer period is agreed to in advance by the federal agency that provides the funding or a different period is specified in the audit guide.

Condition

The Society did not submit the data collection form within the stipulated period.

Effect

The Society was not in compliance with the reporting requirements of the OMB Circular A-133.

Cause

The Society audit firm review of the data collection form was not completed for submission by the audit firm within the required filing period.

Questioned Costs

None.

Recommendation

The Society should implement procedures to insure timely filing of data collection form within stipulated requirements of OMB Circular A-133.

Response

The Society has implemented procedures within the audit planning cycle to insure timely filing of the data collection form as required.